GIS application to bird conservation in Puerto Rico

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Introduction

GIS can be used to:
show the distribution of focal species
assess areas of high ecological value
promote the conservation and management of species and their habitats



Important Bird Areas in PR

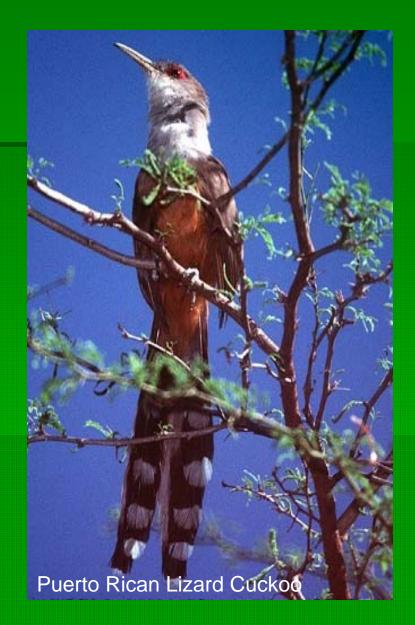
- Program established world-wide by BirdLife International
- Implemented in the island by PR Ornithological Society
- Collaboration established between the

LIASIG and NGOs

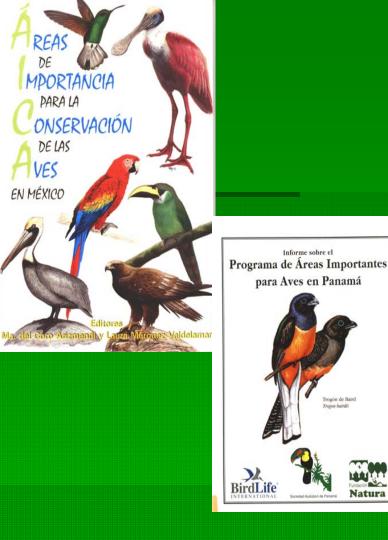


Objective

 Create a map showing sites in Puerto Rico of international relevance for bird species conservation







frogón de Baird

Natura

Trogon bainlii

Expected outcome

Methods

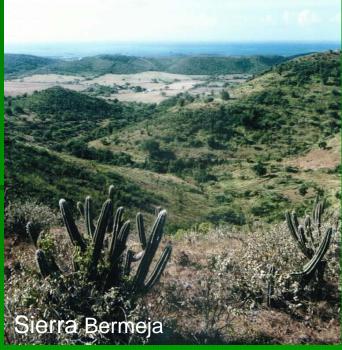
 Ornithologists selected the sites according to standard criteria

- Available maps were obtained from government agencies
- New polygon were created for private lands



Puerto Rican Woodpecker

New maps



- Created with information on the distribution of critical species
 - Examples:
 - Cerro Planadas- assemblage of endemic species
 - Sierra Bermeja- presence of PR Nightjar

Selection criteria

- 1. Species of global conservation concern
 Endangered
 Threatened
 - Vulnerable

Elfin Woods Warbler

2. Assemblages of restricted-range species
 Endemic spp.



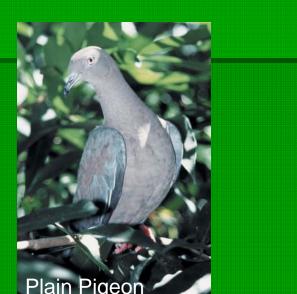
Puerto Rican Tody

Selection criteria

- 3. Assemblages of biome-restricted species
 - Endemic to Caribbean



- Breeding colonies
- Migration bottlenecks
- Mainly waterfowl and seabirds



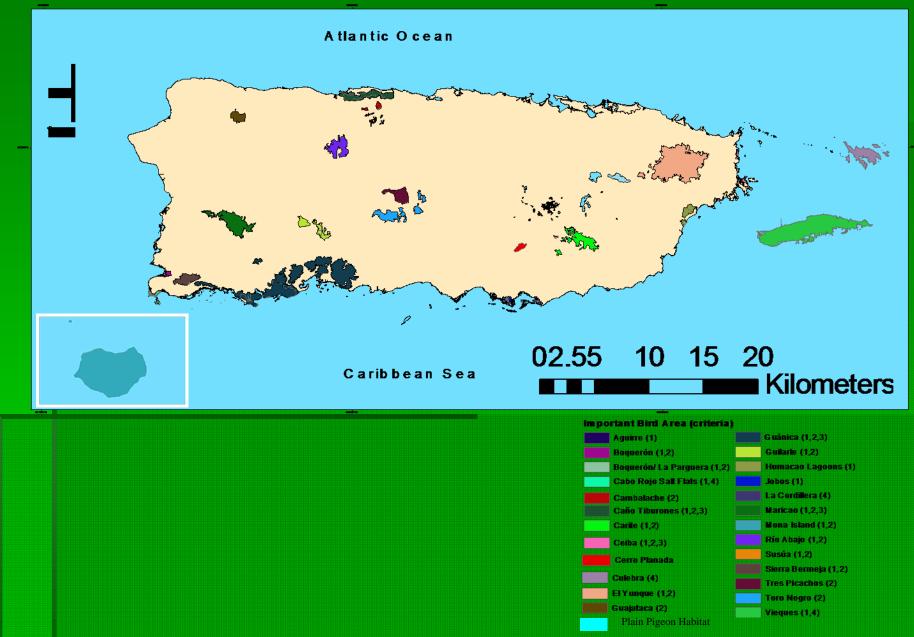


Results: Sites selected

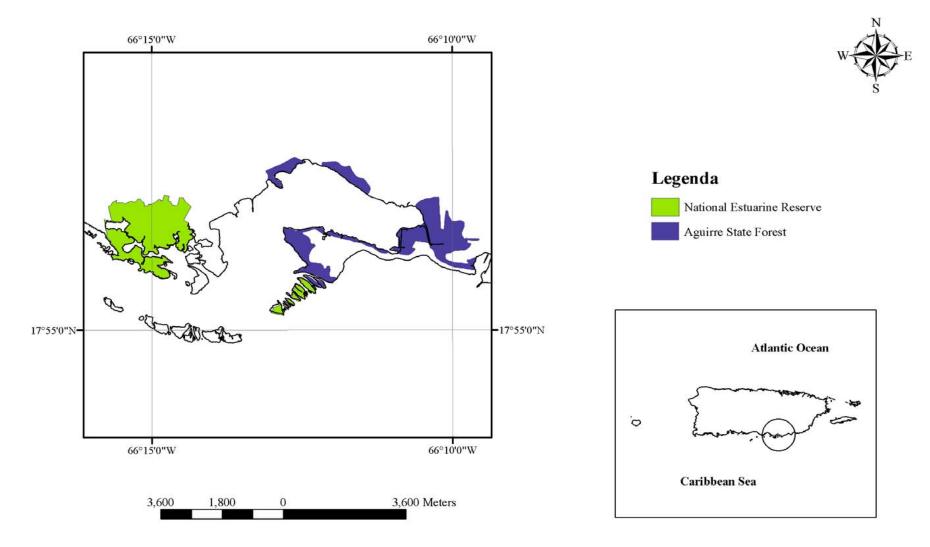
- Aguirre (1)
- Boquerón (1,2)
- Boquerón/ La Parguera (1,2)
- Cabo Rojo Salt Flats (1,4)
- Cambalache (2)
- Caño Tiburones (1,2,3)
- Carite (1,2)
- Ceiba (1,2,3)
- Cerro Planadas (2)
- Culebra (4)
- El Yunque (1,2)
- Guajataca (2)

- Guánica (1,2,3)
- Guilarte (1,2)
- Humacao Lagoons (1)
- Jobos (1)
- La Cordillera (4)
- Maricao (1,2,3)
- Mona Island (1,2)
- Río Abajo (1,2)
- Sierra Bermeja (1,2)
- Susúa (1,2)
- Tres Picachos (2)
- Toro Negro (2)
- Vieques (1,4)

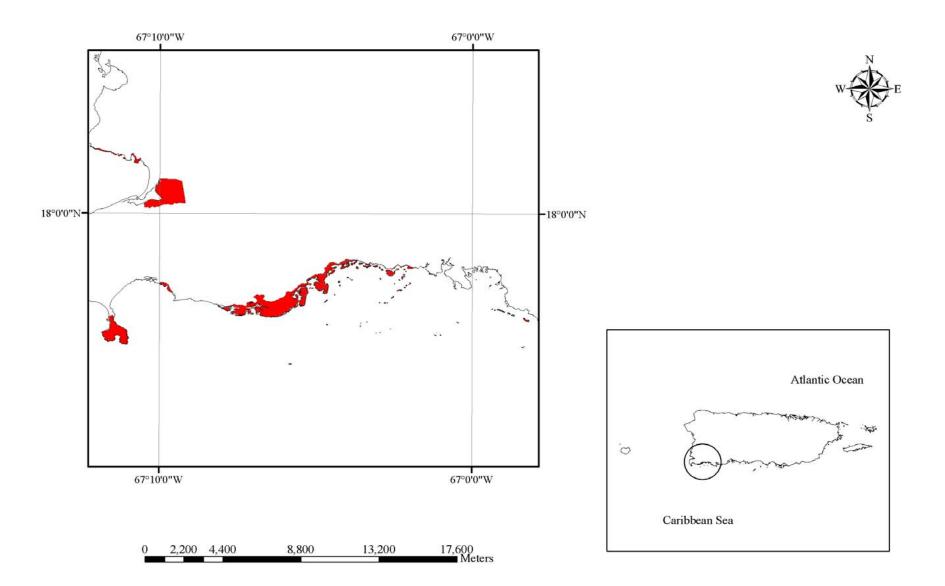
Important Bird Areas in Puerto Rico



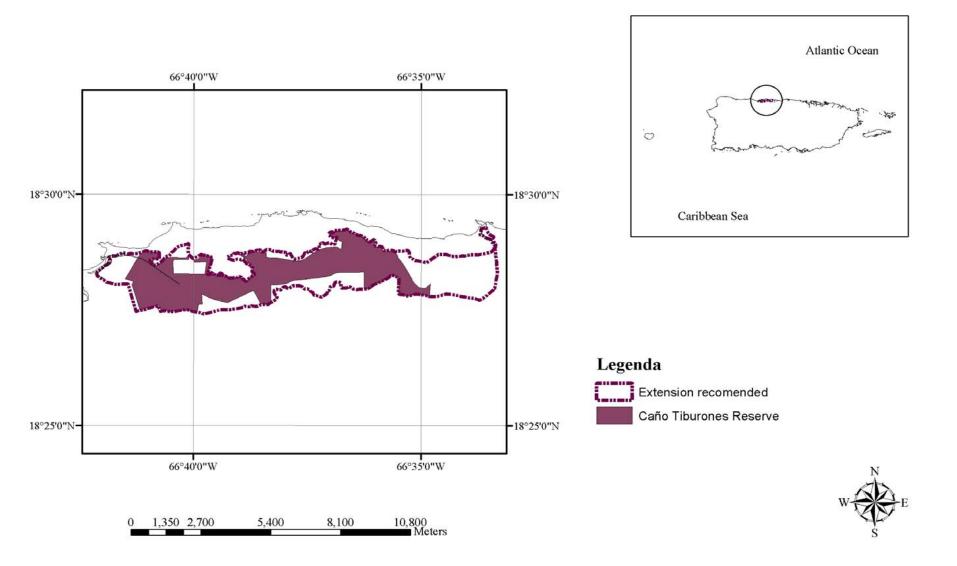
Aguirre State Forest and Jobos Bay National Estuarine Reserve



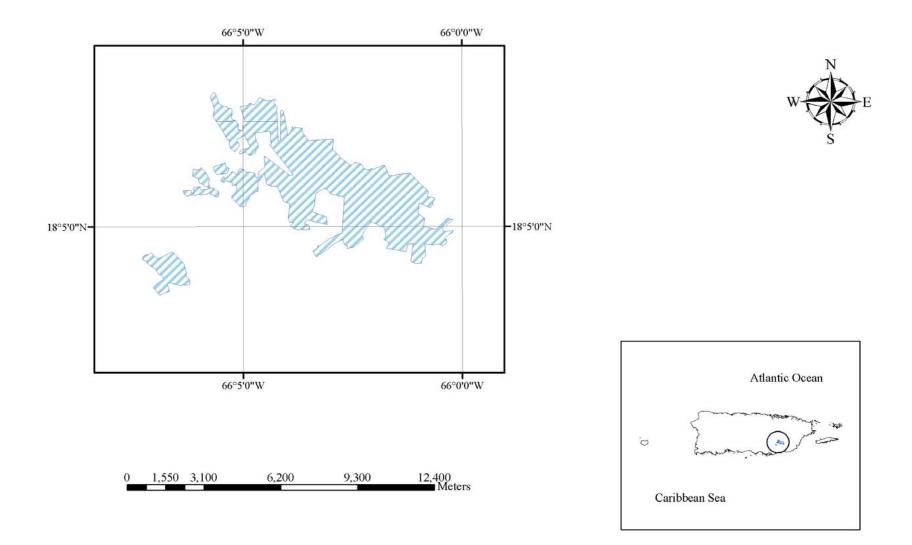
Boqueron State Forest



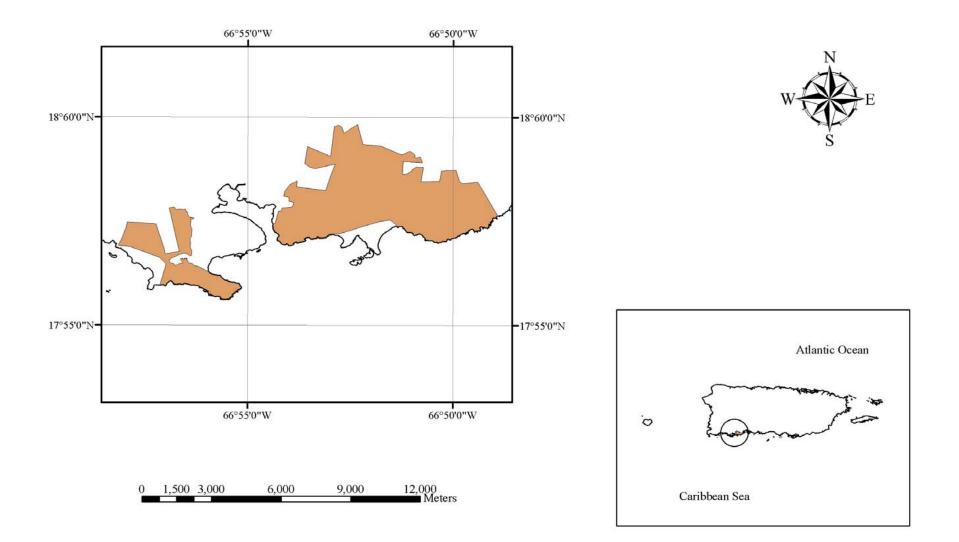
Caño Tiburones Reserve and extension recomended



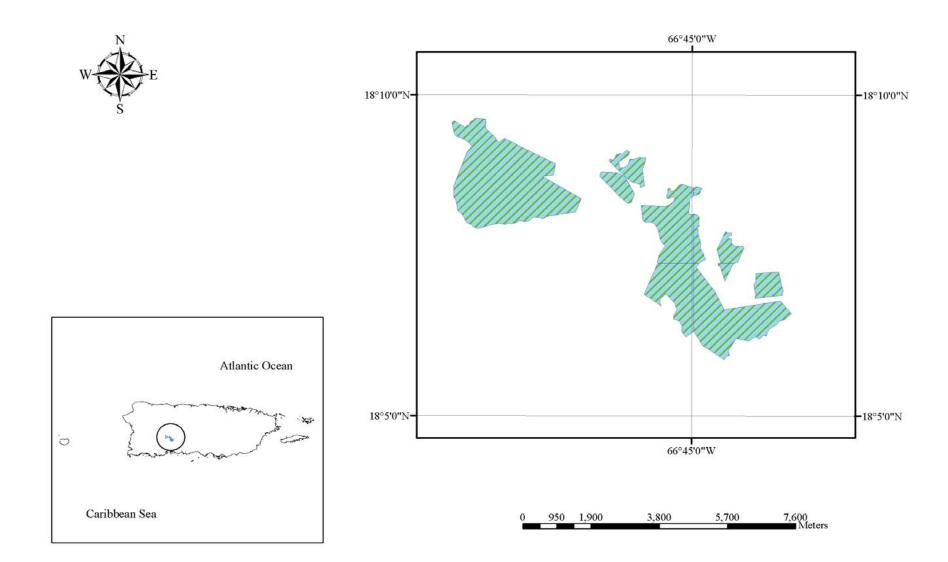
Carite State Forest



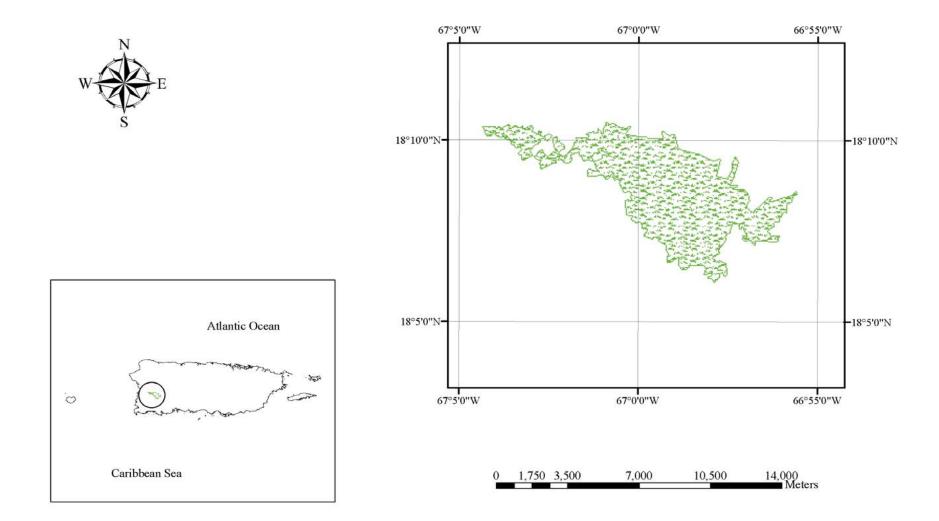
Guanica State Forest



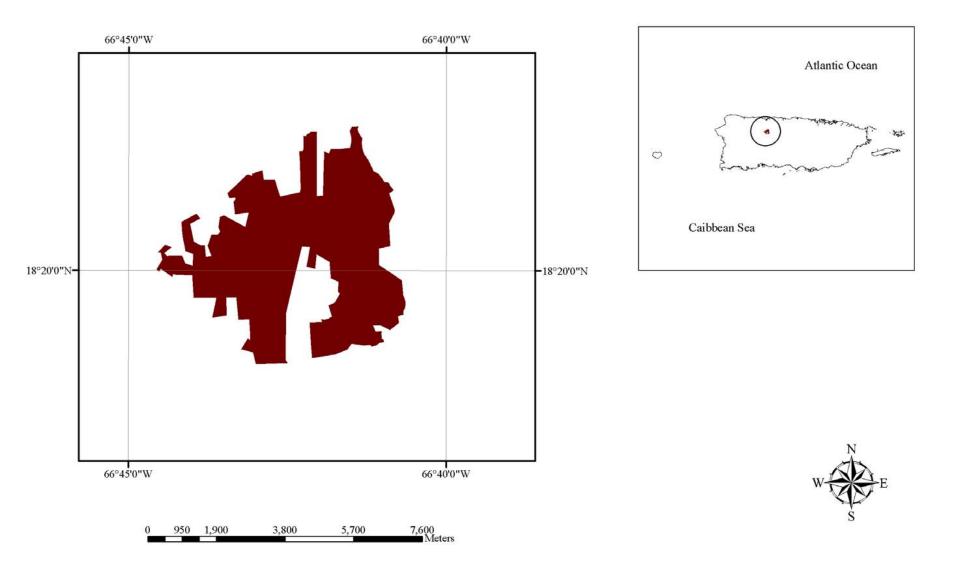
Guilarte State Forest



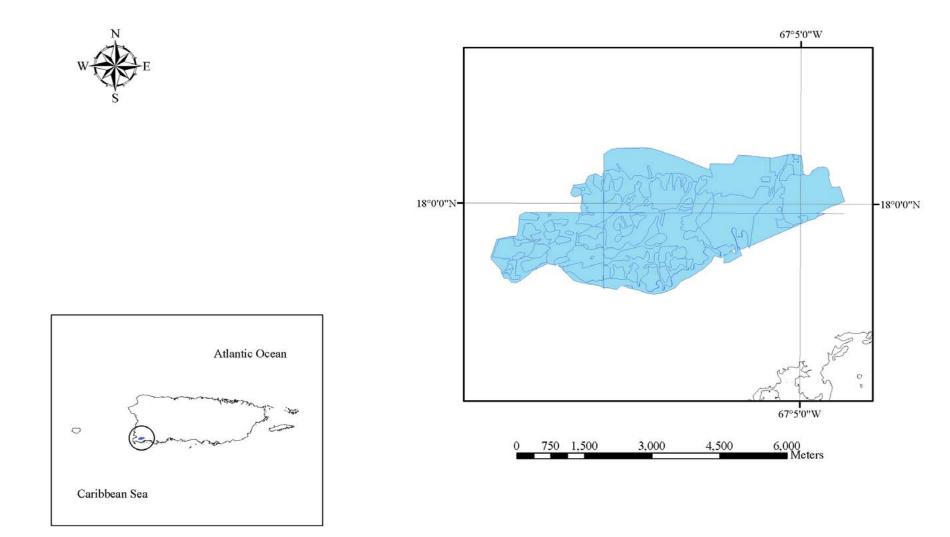
Maricao State Forest



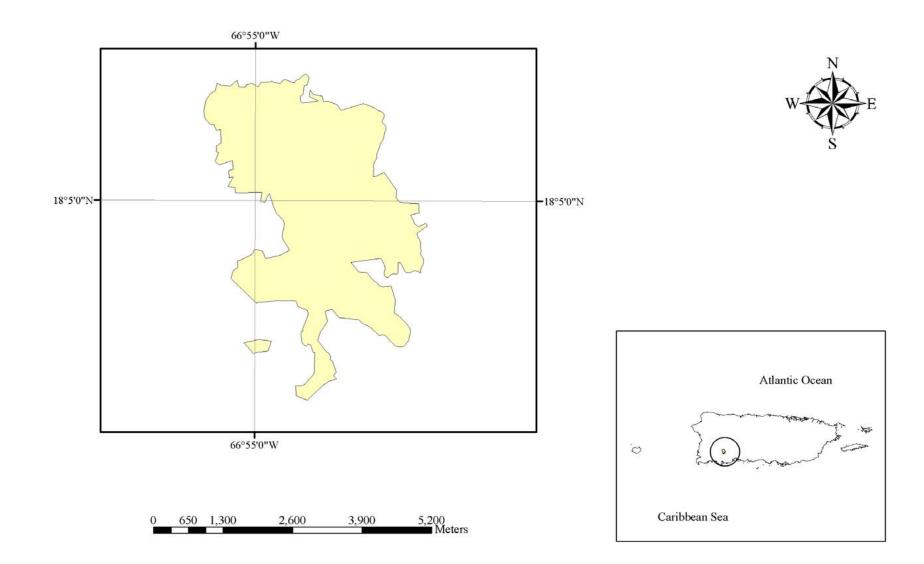
Rio Abajo State Forest



Sierra Bermeja



Susua State Forest



Conclusion



- GIS proved to be an useful tool to demonstrate the distribution of important sites for bird conservation in PR
- These sites represent the most critical habitats according to international standards
- The conservation of these sites will ensure the preservation of the island's biodiversity

Acknowledgements

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