

# GRAV-D

## Gravity for the Re-definition of the American Vertical Datum



## Why this briefing?

- NGS recently acquired a new airborne gravimeter
  - Intended to support **GRAV-D**
- **GRAV-D** is an ambitious new plan for NGS to accomplish part of its mission
  - Up front costs
  - Long-term savings
  - A huge contribution to GEOSS
  - Part of the NGS, NOS and NOAA missions

## Q: What is GRAV-D?

A: **Gravity to determine heights accurately**

- The first, middle and last point of GRAV-D:

**Gravity and Heights are  
*inseparably connected***

- *Or (to borrow from a common bumper sticker):*
  - *No gravity, no height*
  - *Know gravity, know height*



# Dominant Height Systems in use in the USA



Requires Gravity

- **Orthometric**
  - Colloquially, but incorrectly, called “height above mean sea level”
  - On most topographic maps
  - Is a >99% successful method to tell which way water will flow
- **Ellipsoid**
  - Almost exclusively from GPS
  - Won’t tell water flow / floodplains
- **Dynamic**
  - Directly proportional to potential *energy* : always tells which way water will flow
  - Dynamic heights are *not* lengths!
  - More on this later...



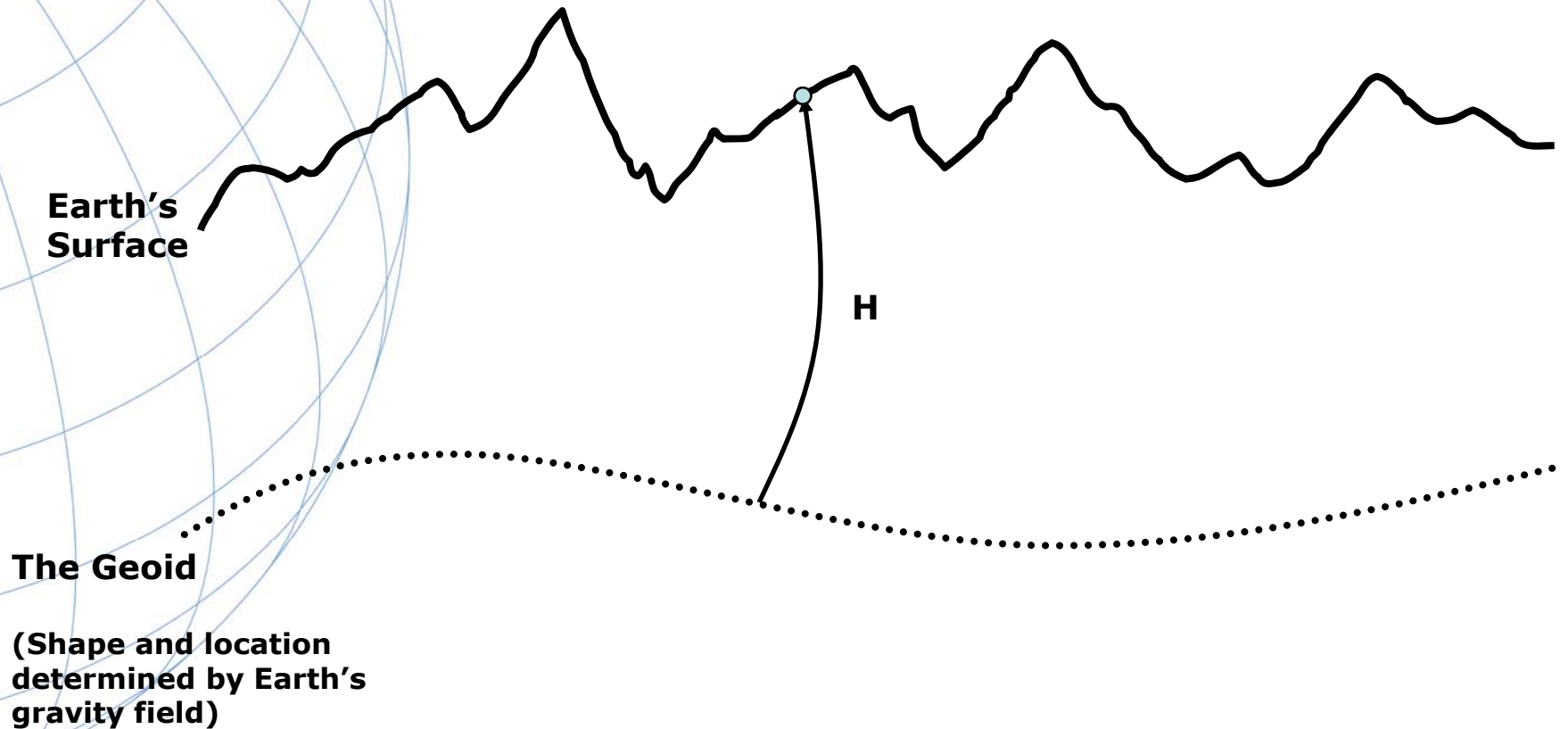
Requires Gravity

# Heights

- Most heights need to refer to some “reference surface”
- The reference surface is part of the “vertical datum”

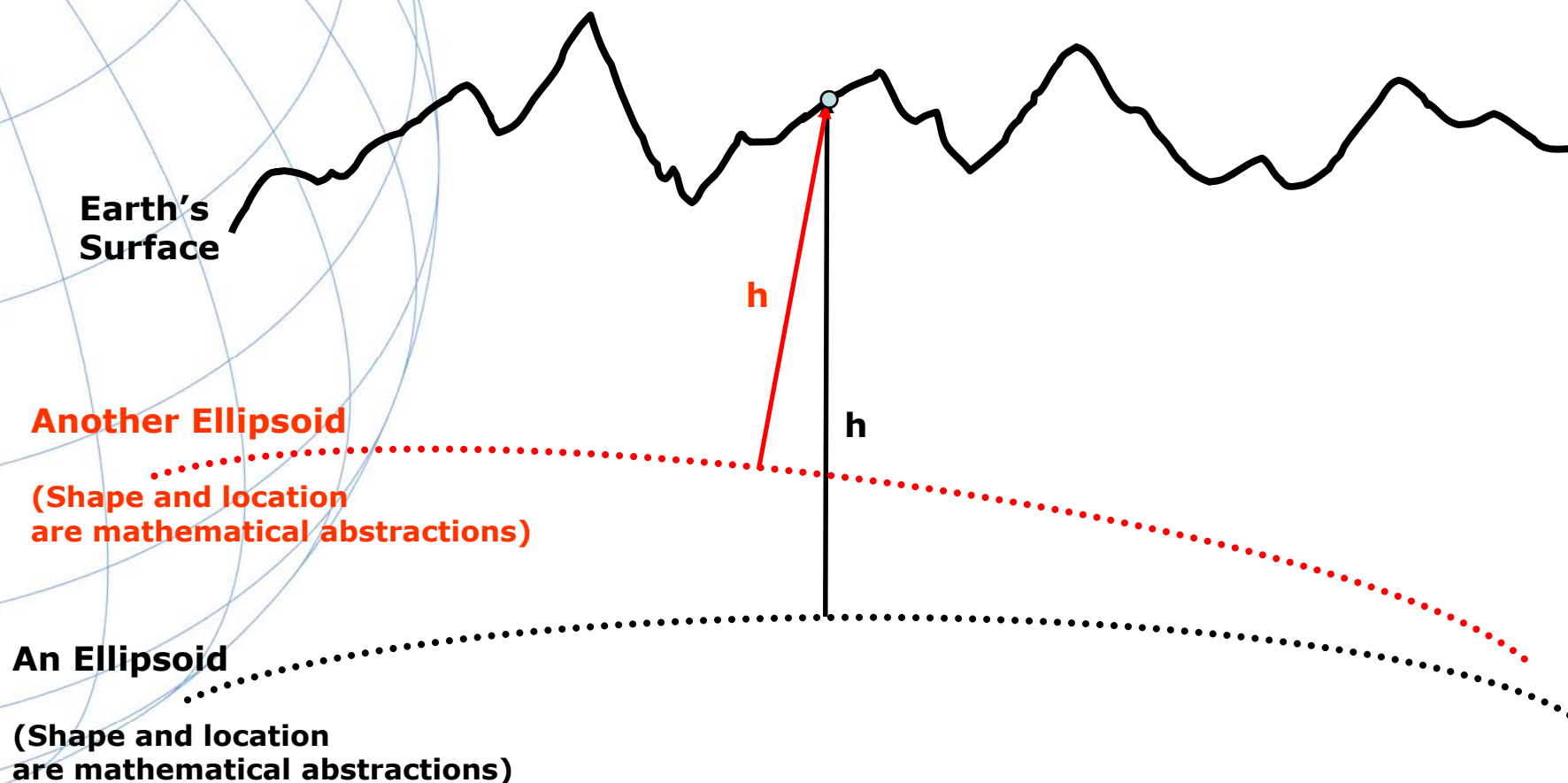
## Orthometric Height (H)

- The distance along the plumb line from the geoid up to the point of interest



# Ellipsoid Height ( $h$ )

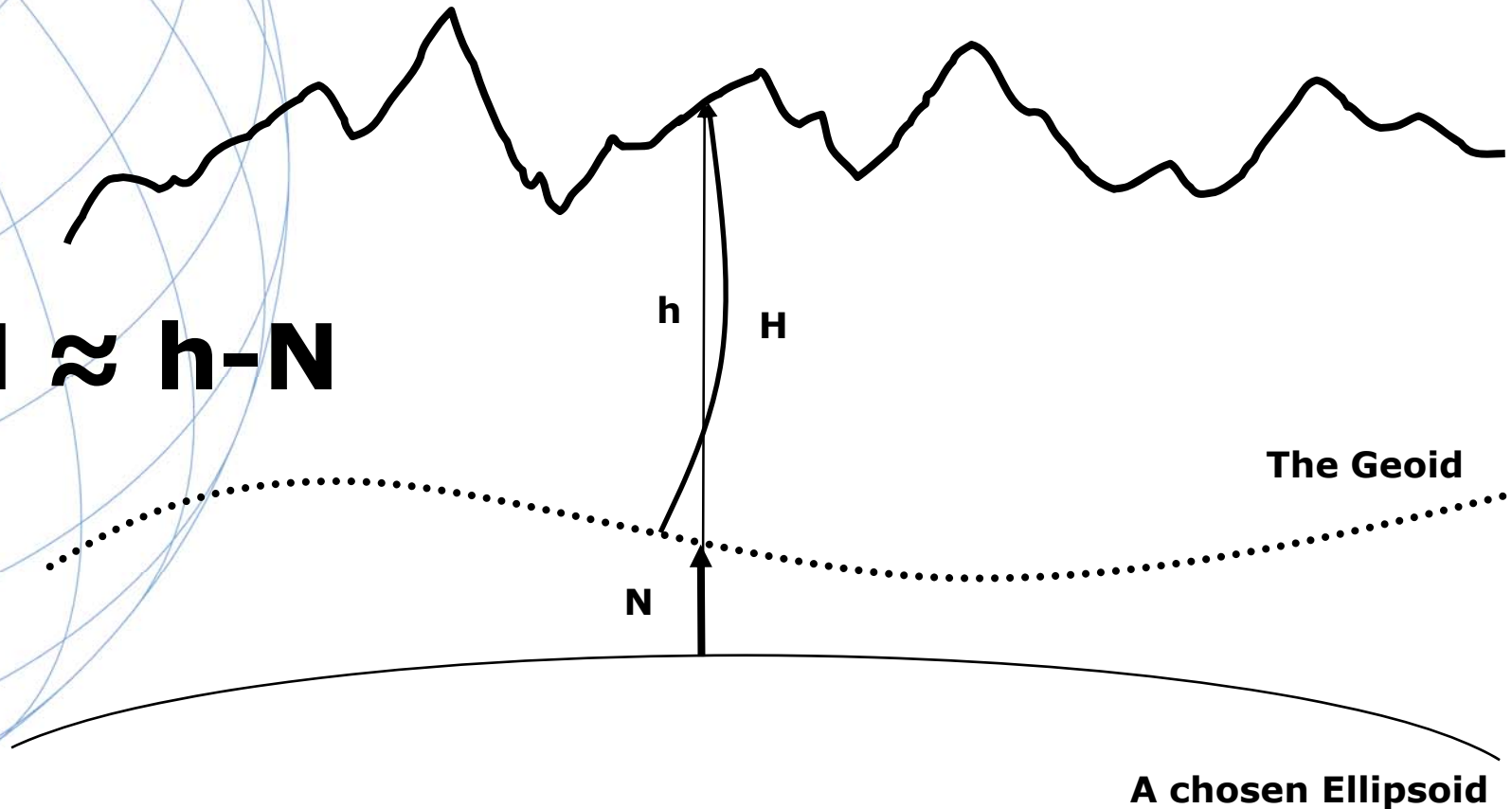
- The distance along the ellipsoidal normal from some ellipsoid up to the point of interest



## Geoid Undulation (N)

- The distance along the ellipsoidal normal from some ellipsoid up to the geoid

$$H \approx h - N$$





# Vertical Datums in the USA

- Ellipsoid heights: NAD 83
- Orthometric heights: NAVD 88



## Vertical Datum – History (Orthometric Heights)

- 1807 – 1996
  - Defined and Accessed – Leveling/Passive Marks
  - NAVD 88: 600,000+ Marks
    - NGS detects hundreds moved/destroyed every year
    - How many go undetected?
      - Post-Glacial-Rebound, Subsidence, Tectonics, Frost-Heave – lots of motion out there!



## Leveling to define and use NAVD 88

- Leveling
  - Measure geometric changes point to point
  - Correct for multiple physical effects
  - Attempts to yield differential geopotential (energy) levels



- Convert from geopotential to dynamic height or orthometric height

- Very time consuming and tedious



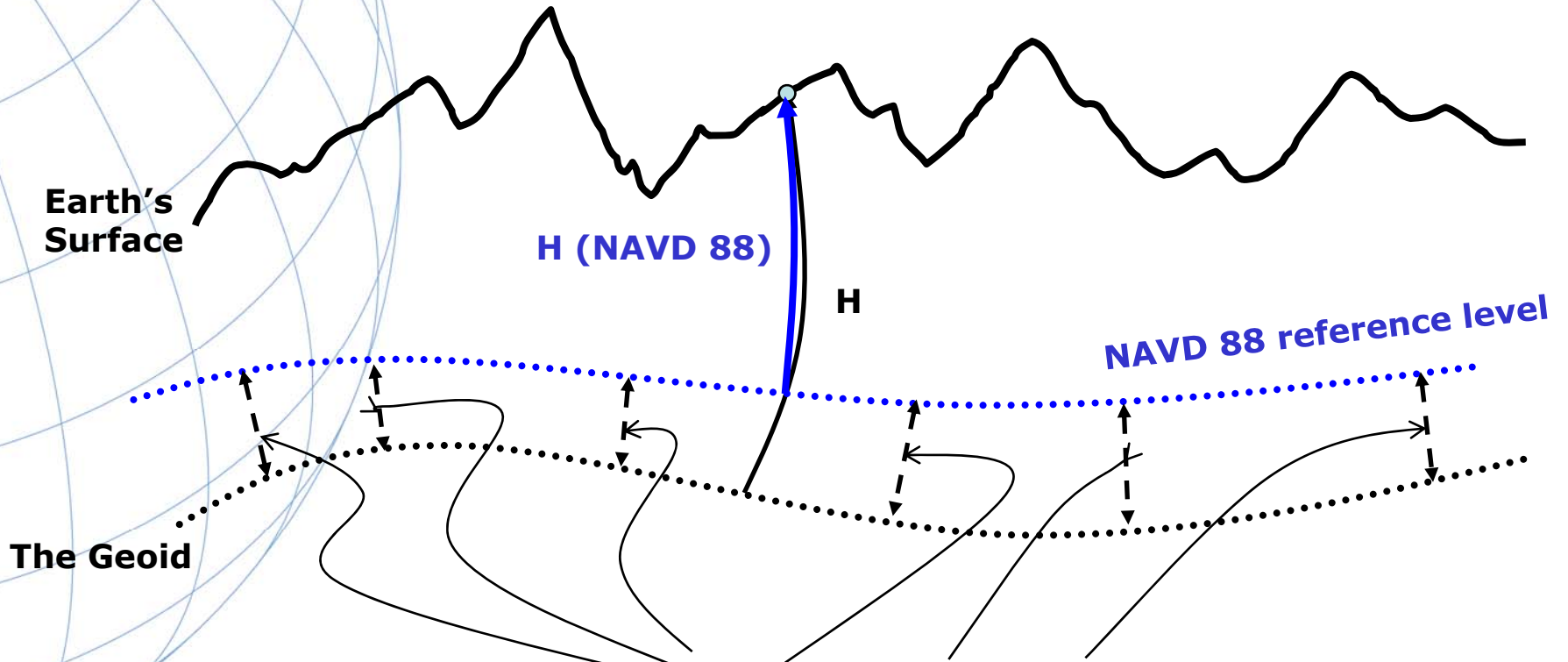
## Why isn't NAVD 88 good enough anymore?

- The GPS era brought fast, accurate ellipsoid heights – naturally this drove a desire for fast, accurate orthometric heights
- Leveling the country can not be done again
  - Too costly in time and money
- Leveling yields cross-country error build-up
- Leveling requires leaving behind marks
  - Bulldozers and crustal motion do their worst
- NAVD 88  $H=0$  level is known not to be the geoid
  - Biases , Tilts



# Orthometric Height (H)

- The distance along the plumb line from the geoid up to the point of interest



**Errors in NAVD 88 : ~50 cm ave,  
100 cm CONUS tilt,  
1-2 meters ave in Alaska  
NO tracking**

## Fast, Accurate *Orthometric* Heights

- GPS already gives fast accurate *ellipsoid* heights
- If the geoid were determined to highest accuracy...
- Voila... Fast, accurate orthometric heights
  - Anywhere in the nation
  - Time-changes to H determined through:
    - GPS on CORS (h changes)
    - Absolute gravity spot checks (N changes)

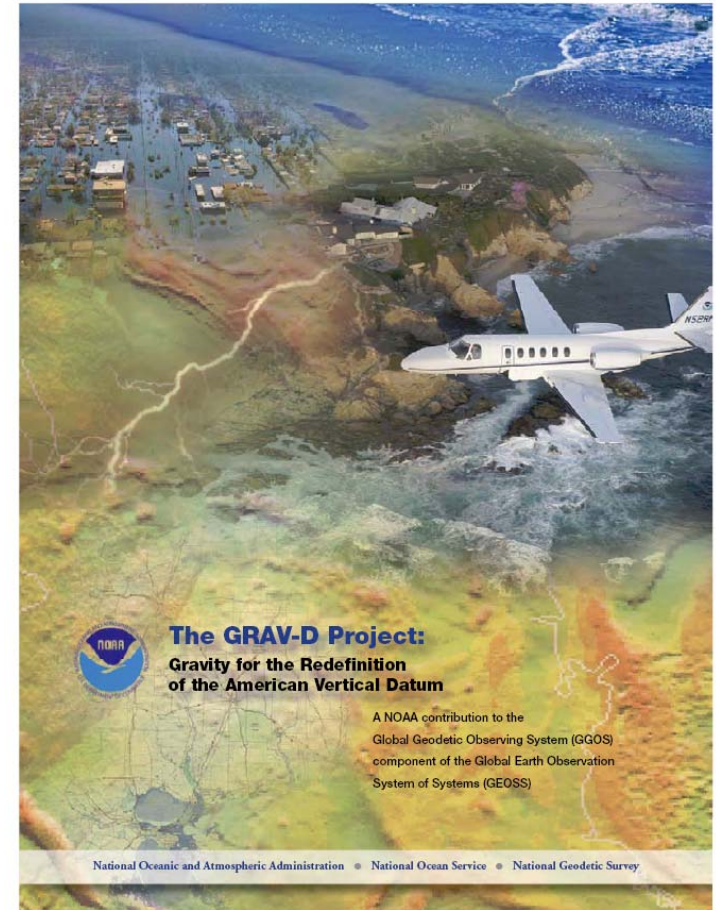
## Intermission...

- To get fast, accurate, inexpensive orthometric heights, all pieces are in place except one:
  - A well known, and time-tracked geoid model
- Thus “GRAV-D”
  - Gravity for the Re-definition of the American Vertical Datum
  - Get good gravity once (airborne gravity)
  - Track gravity on a broad scale over time (absolute gravity)
  - Replace NAVD 88 with a sustainable, accurate, inexpensive vertical datum
  - Up front cost is “high”, but pay off is sustainability at low-cost!

## Q: What is GRAV-D?

### A: A Plan (released Dec 2007)

- *Official NGS policy as of Nov 14, 2007*
  - *\$38.5M over 10 years*
- *Airborne Gravity Snapshot*
- *Absolute Gravity Tracking*
- *Re-define the Vertical Datum of the USA by 2017*





## *Mission of NGS*

- To define, maintain and provide access to the **National Spatial Reference System** to meet our nation's economic, social, and environmental needs

And

- To be a world leader in geospatial activities, including the development and promotion of **standards, specifications, and guidelines.**



## *Mission of NOS*

- To provide products, services, and information that promote safe navigation, **support coastal communities**, sustain marine ecosystems, and mitigate coastal hazards.



## *Mission of NOAA*

- To **understand and predict changes in the Earth's environment** and conserve and manage coastal and marine resources to meet our nation's economic, social and environmental needs



## Missions and GRAV-D

- NGS can neither fulfill their mission, nor contribute to the NOS and NOAA missions without modernizing the vertical datum component of the NSRS
- Only GRAV-D offers a sustainable, accurate method for doing this



## GRAV-D

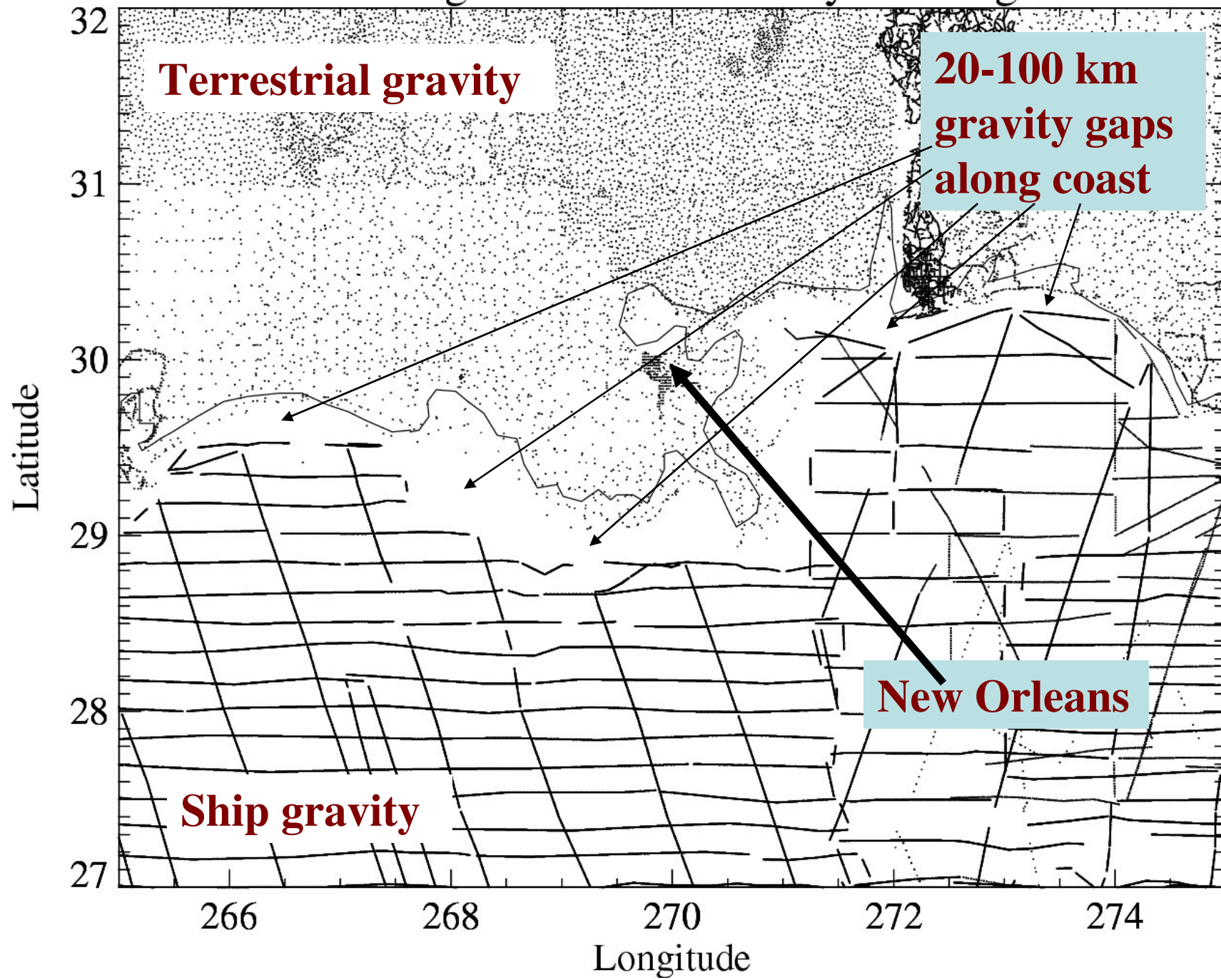
- National Scale has 2 parts:
  - High Resolution Snapshot
  - Low Resolution Movie
- Local/Regional Scale has 1 part:
  - High Resolution Movie



# GRAV-D

- National High Resolution Snapshot
  - Predominantly through airborne gravity
  - With Absolute Gravity for ties and checks
  - Relative Gravity for expanding local regions where airborne shows significant mismatch with existing terrestrial

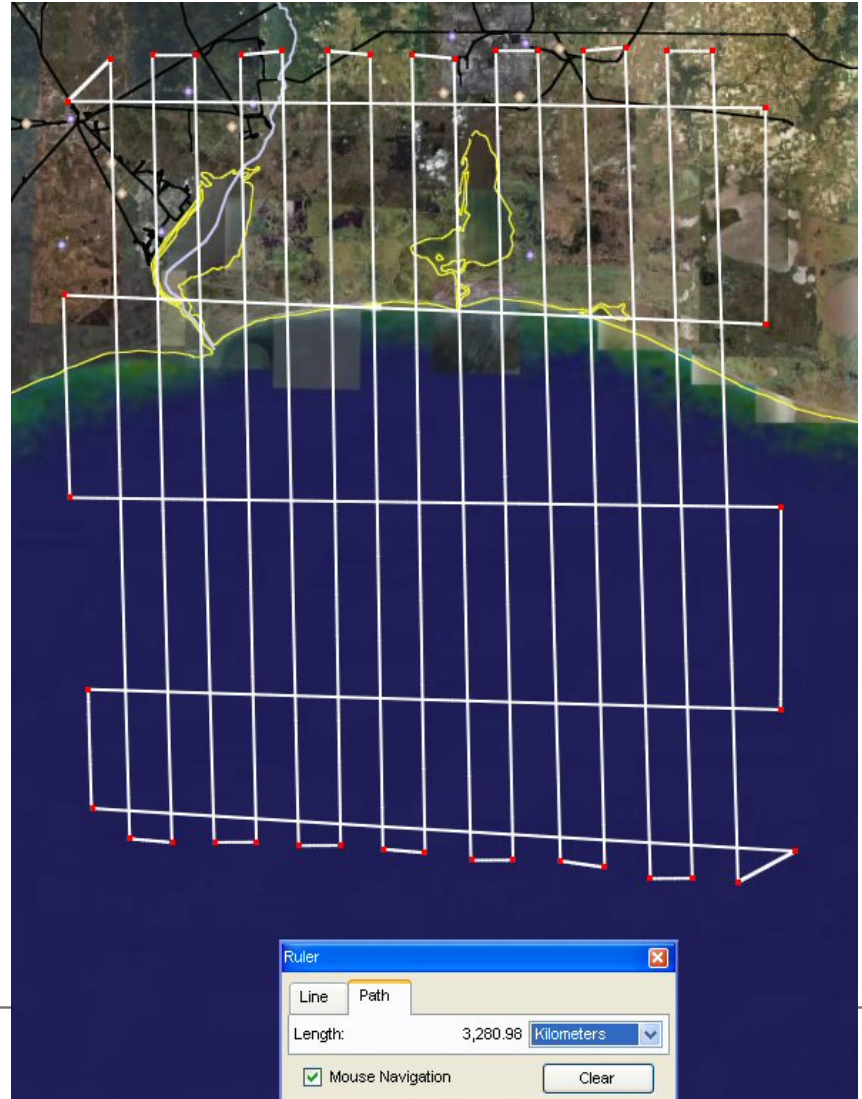
# Existing Gulf Coast Gravity Holdings



# GRAV-D: Campaign I Phase I, Part 1 - Testing

- Test varieties of flight heights / speeds / spacings for optimal ratio of

\$\$ : g-accuracy





# GRAV-D: Campaign I Phase I, Part 2 - Testing

- Test area for proof of concept to define vertical datum from GPS + gravimetric geoid
- PR/VI cost would run ~ \$300k



# Daniel Winester monumentando estacion en CI-019



# MAYAGUEZ A A 2008





**Observaciones Gravimetricas y con GPS  
en el RUM  
6 al 10 de nov. 2008  
por  
Daniel Winister-Geodesta**

- Gravedad Absoluta con el FG5 en CI-019
  - Por 48 horas
- GPS en Aguadilla y en estacion UPRM GPS 14
- Gravedad Relativa
  - En la estacion UPRM GPS 14
  - En el Aeropuerto Rafael Hernandez-Aguadilla
  - En estacion Mayaguez AA 2008 en CI-019



## Airborne Meter



**First build (Oct 2007)**



**Initial road tests (Nov 2007)**

### **Unit is TAGS (Turn-key Airborne Gravity System)**

- **Sensor, Software and Training sold as a package from Micro-G/LaCoste**
- **Has been flight tested and proven as the most accurate airborne meter available**

# **Should anyone lose sight of why NGS cares about knowing and maintaining accurate heights...**



## Questions/Comments?

- <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/GRAV-D/>
- Prof. Linda L. Vélez-Rodríguez, MS, PE, PLS, catedrática de la Universidad de Puerto Rico Recinto Universitario de Mayagüez del programa de agrimensura del Departamento de Ingeniería Civil y Agrimensura, "Geodetic Liason" ante el "National Geodetic Survey", su correo electrónico es [velezl@uprm.edu](mailto:velezl@uprm.edu)

