



HABITAT AND BIODIVERSITY MAPPING,

FOR THE DETERMINATION OF ALGAL BIOMASS AQUACULTURE SITES IN THE COSTAL AREAS OF PUERTO RICO

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Center for Renewable Energy and Sustainability <u>http://renewable.uprrp.edu/</u> A UPR-UGA DoD STEM Research Center of Excellence in Renewable Energy



Center for Renewable Energy and Sustainability College of Natural Sciences University of Puerto Rico Rio Piedras Campus



The Center for Renewable Energy has four broad research areas:

- Algal biomass production
- Conversion of algal biomass into biogas by anaerobic digestion
- Thermochemical conversion of algal biomass into a liquid fuel
- Analysis of the technology transfer potential and financial feasibility for each of the broad research areas

UPRRP	DoD STEM Research Cen Excellence in Renewable E	ter of inergy	The University of Georgia
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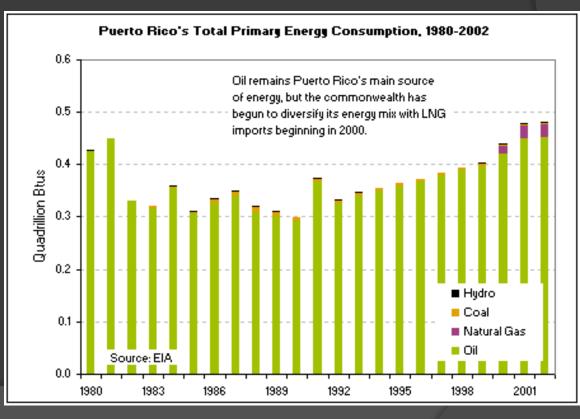
Problem

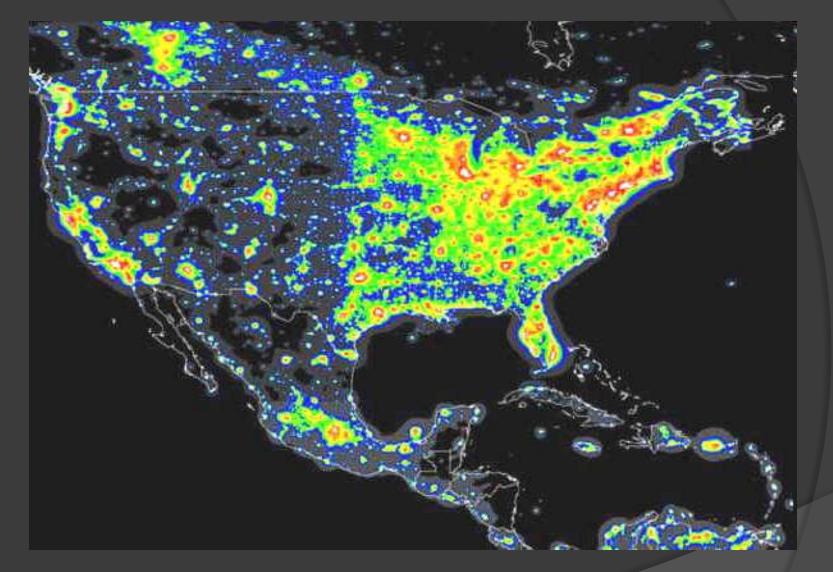






- Puerto Rico is dependent on energy from nonrenewable resources.
- Approximately 98% of the energy consumed comes from thermoelectric plants that use 70% petroleum / 15% gas / 15% charcoal (López, 2006).
- For 2015 12% renewable energy
- For 2020 15% renewable energy





http://www.businessweek.com/investing/green_business/archives/2008/03/lights_out_tonight_save_a_watt_save_a_ton_save_a_bird.html

Open Ocean Aquaculture

- "Blue Revolution"
- U.S. Exclusive
 Economic Zone
 (EEZ; generally 3 to
 200 nautical miles
 from shore)

Oritics raise

- environmental protection
- potential impacts on existing commercial fisheries.

January 28, 2009

Gulf of Mexico
 Fishery Management
 Council approve a
 plan to issue
 aquaculture permits
 and regulate
 aquaculture in
 federal waters of
 the Gulf of Mexico

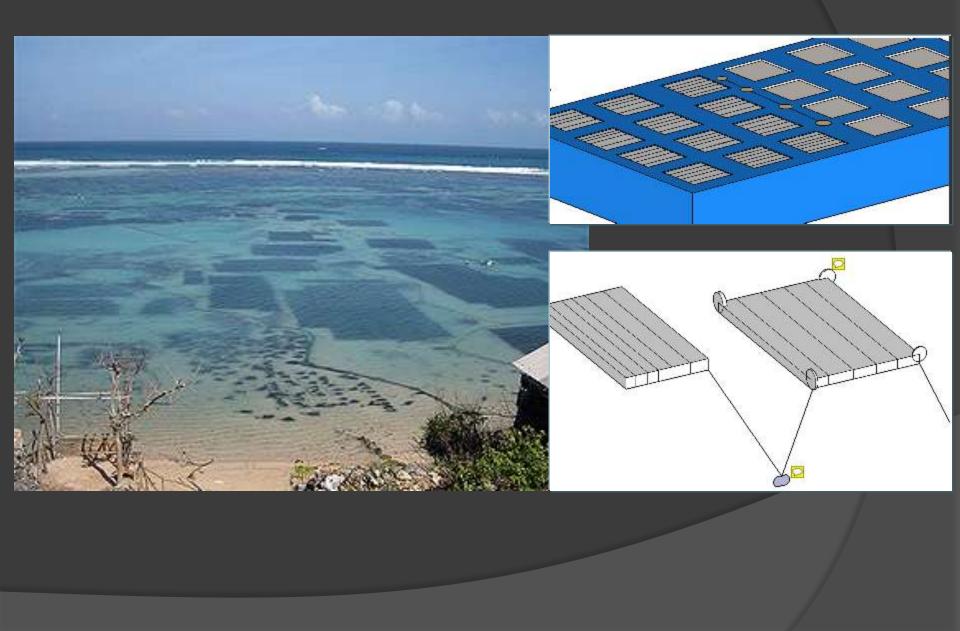
 September 3, 2009, the plan took effect

Open Ocean Aquaculture

• September 8, 2009, H.R. 3534,the Consolidated Land, **Energy**, and Aquatic **Resources Act of** 2009. Section 704 authority of the Secretary of Commerce to develop or approve fishery management plans to permit or regulate offshore aquaculture

- December 16, 2009 the National Sustainable Offshore Aquaculture Act of 2009 establish a regulatory system for offshore aquaculture in the U.S. Exclusive Economic Zone
- May 25, 2010 the Research in Aquaculture Opportunity and Responsibility Act of 2010 prohibit offshore aquaculture until 3 years after the submission of a report on the impacts of offshore aquaculture.

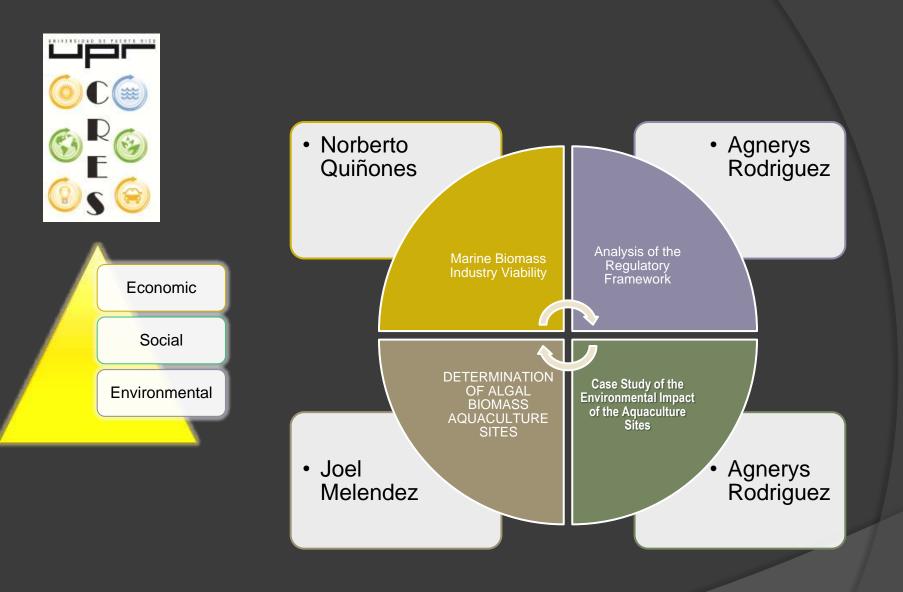




AQUACULTURE SITES







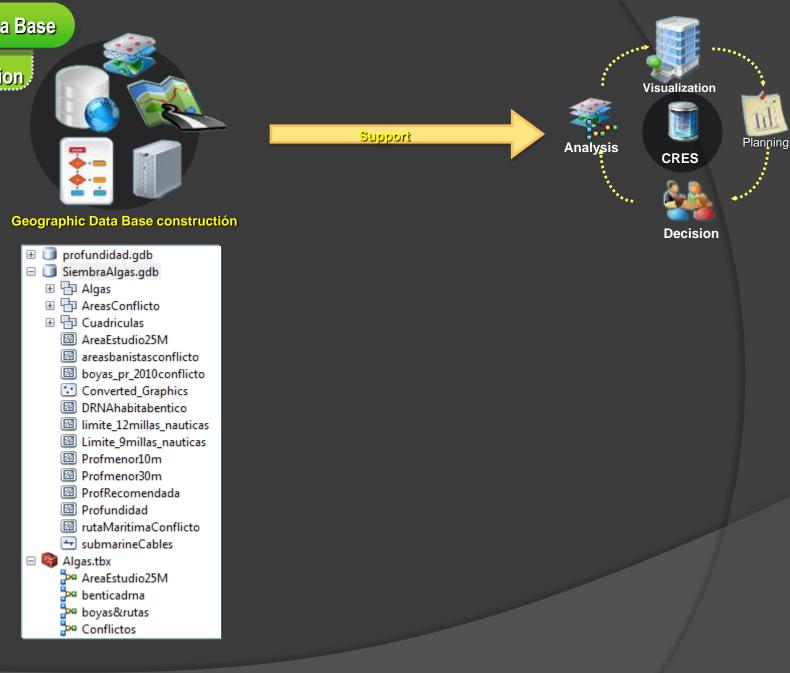


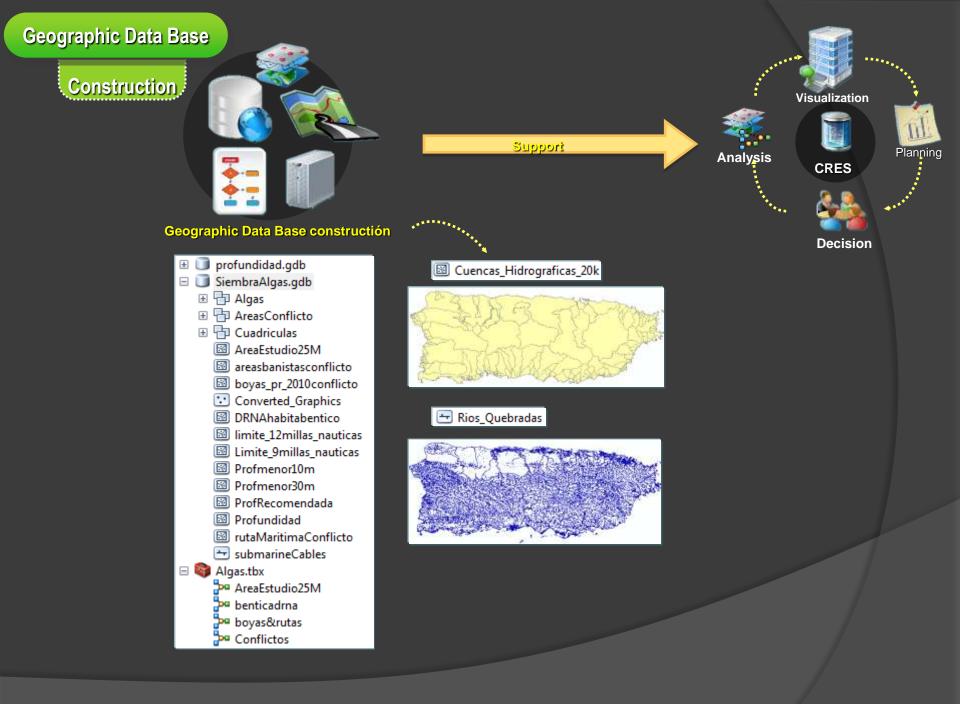


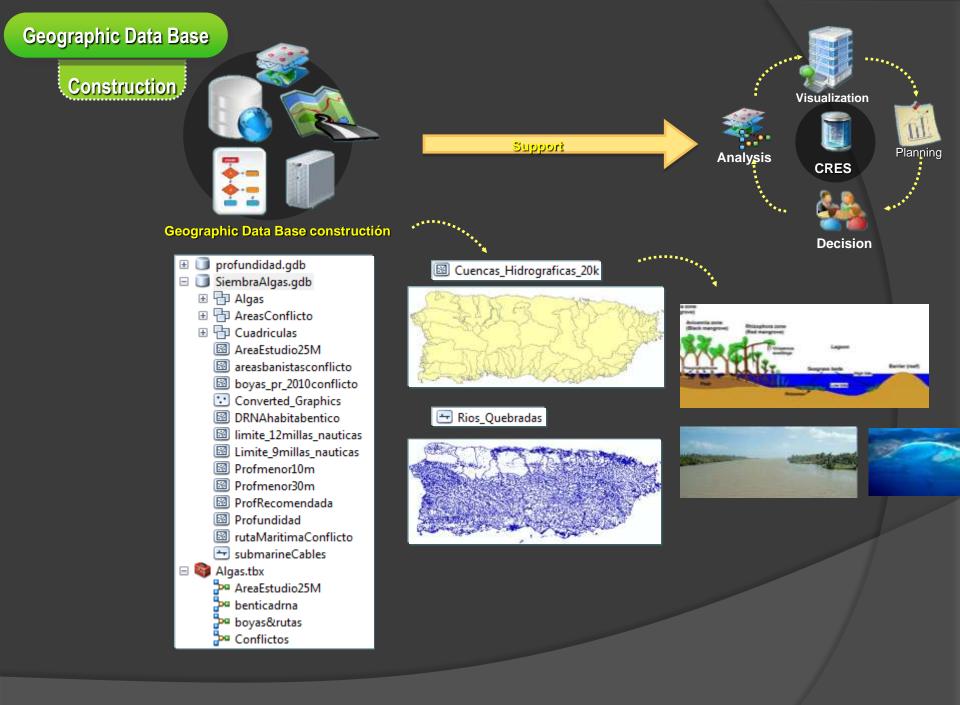


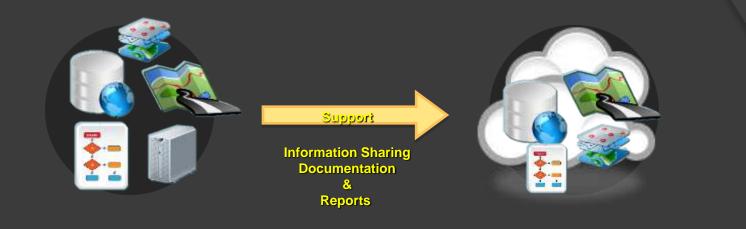
Geographic Data Base

Construction

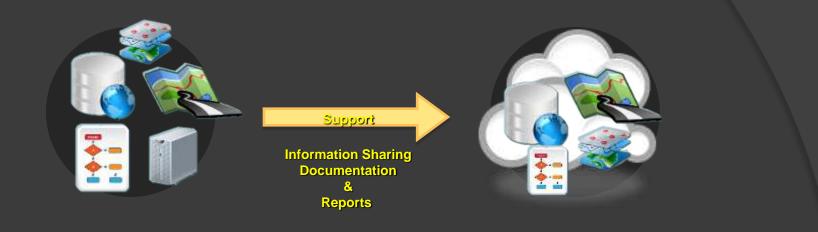


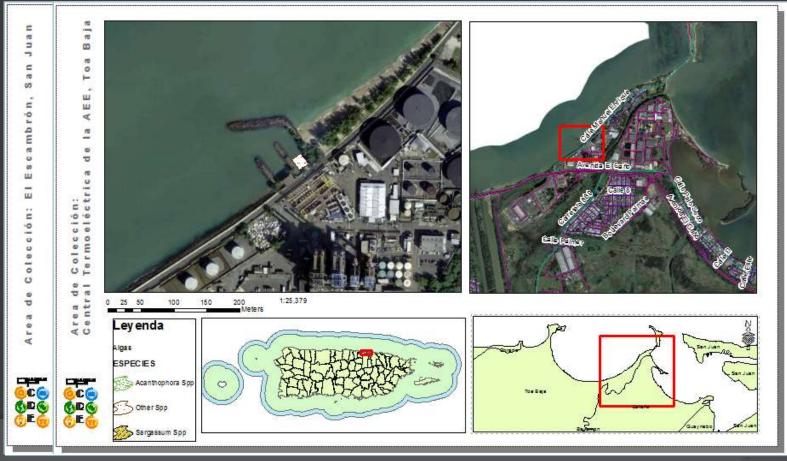


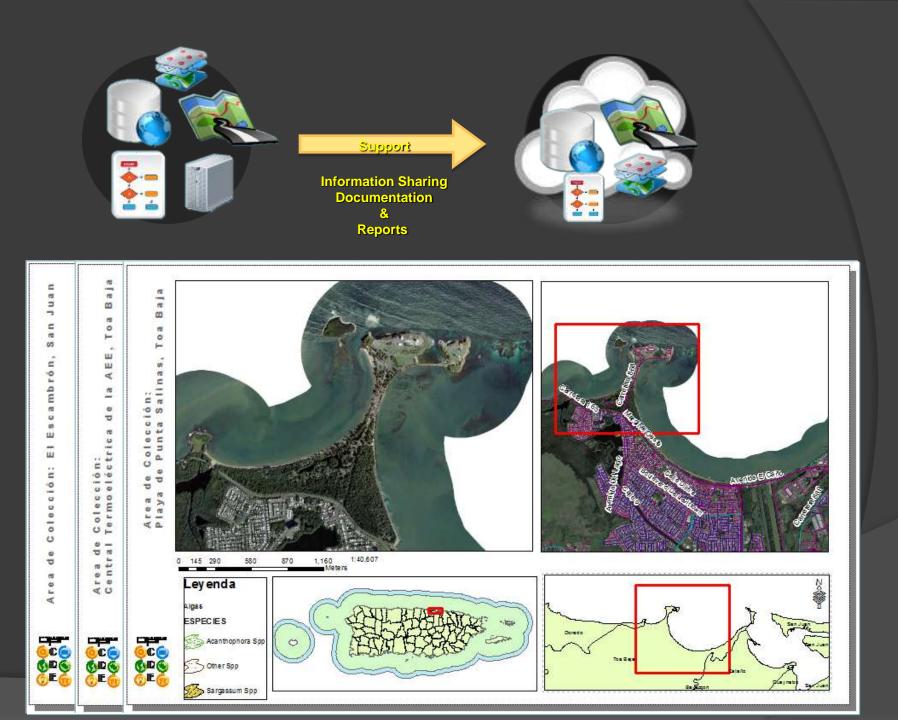


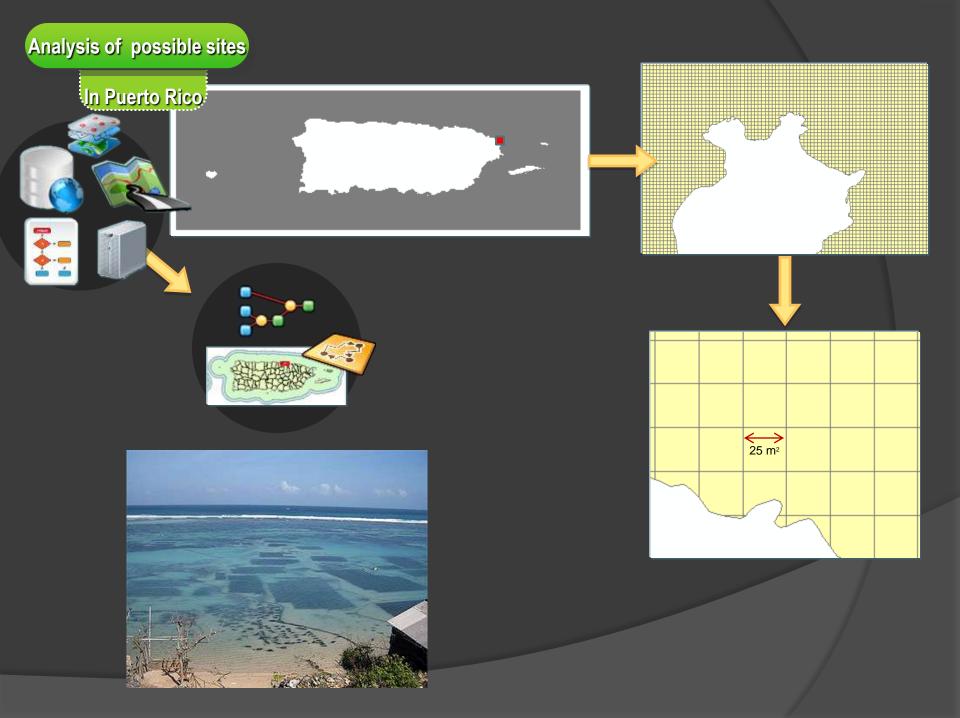


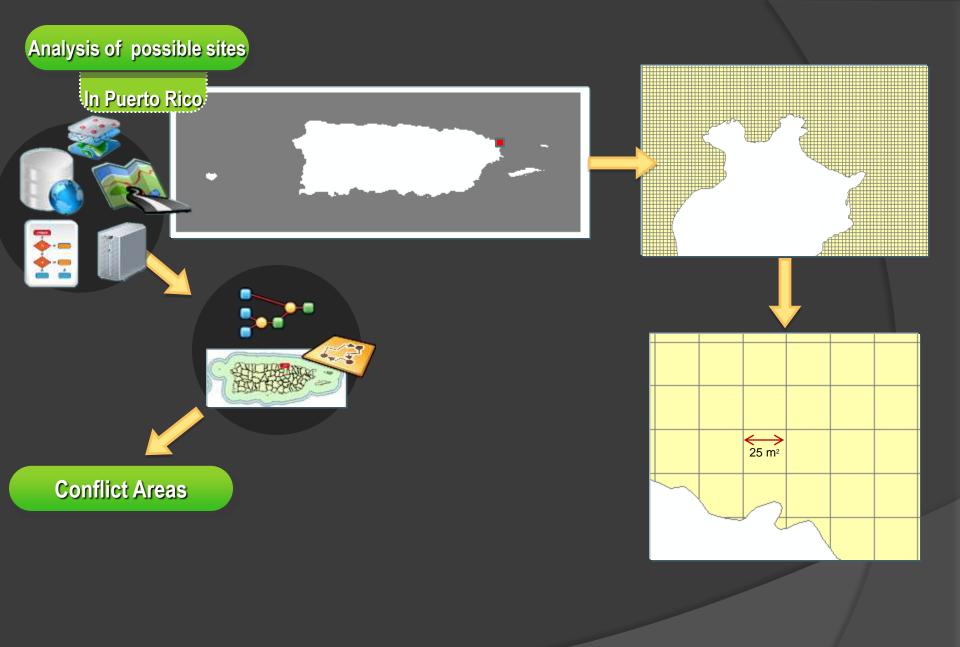




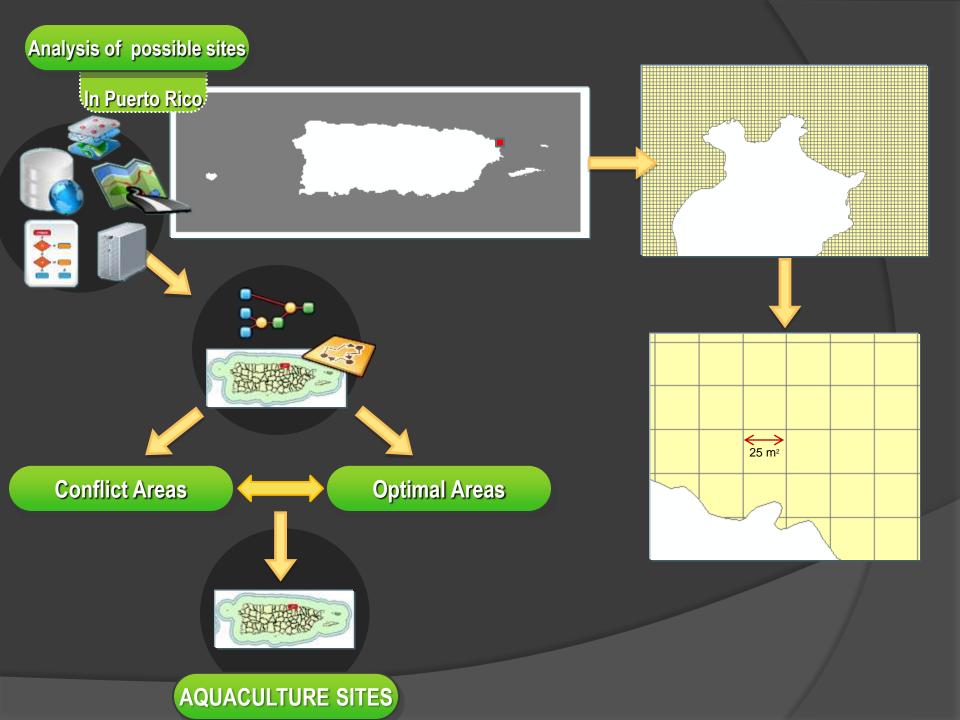


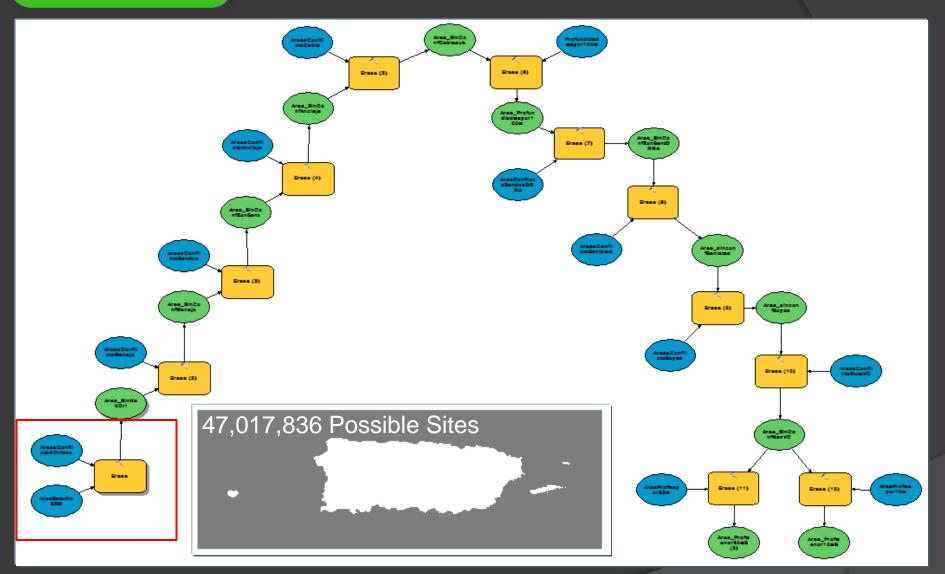




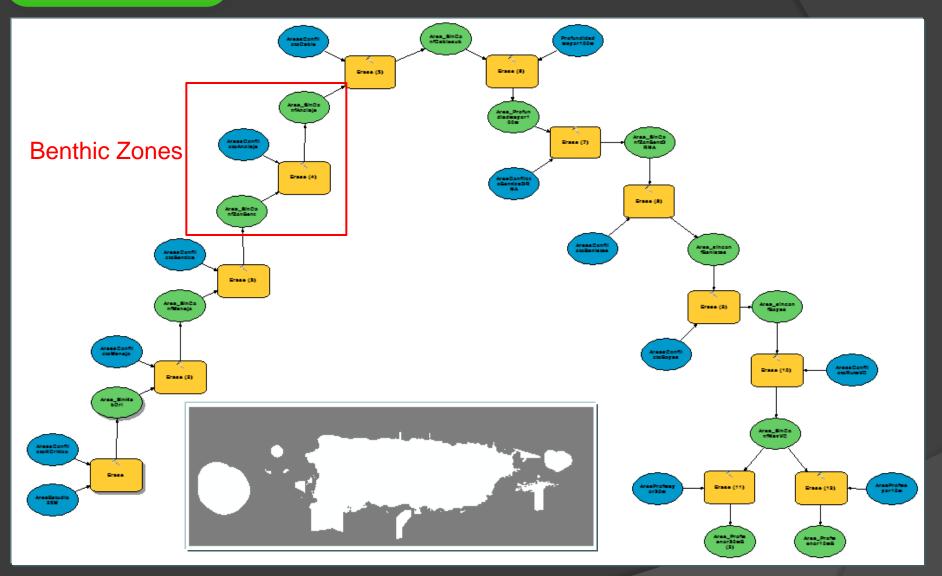


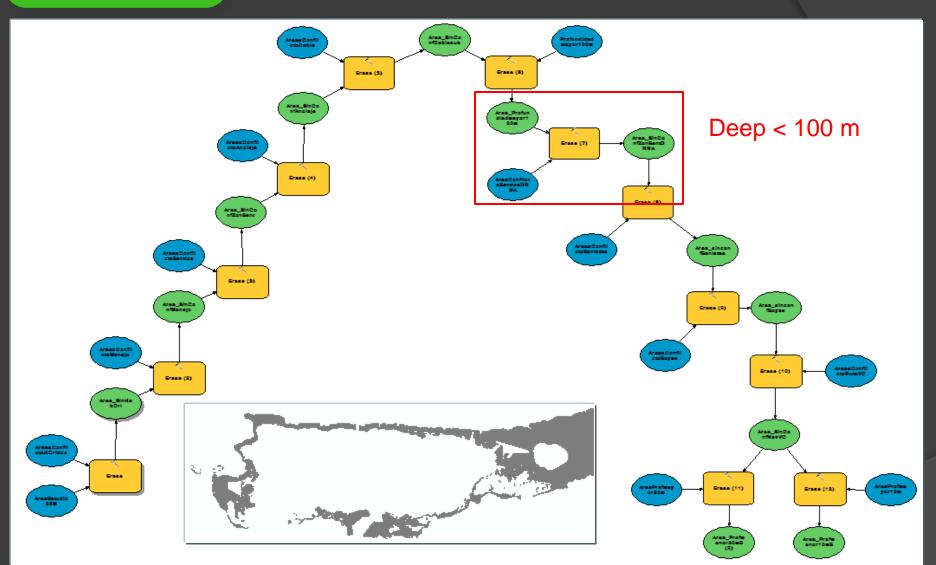


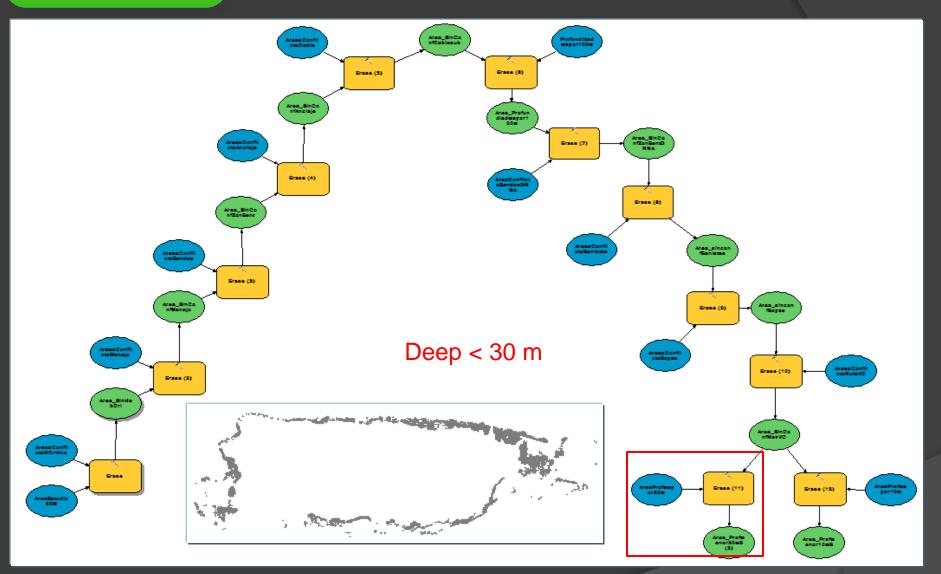




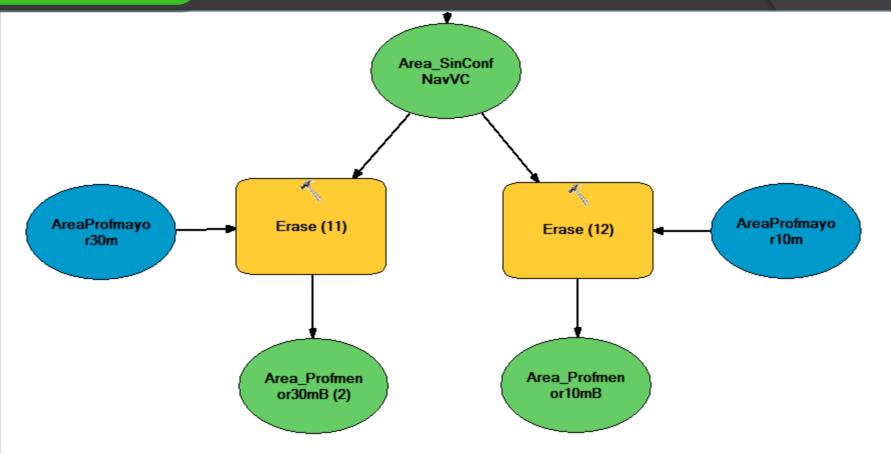
1,175,445.9 Km² / 1,175,445,900 m² available area



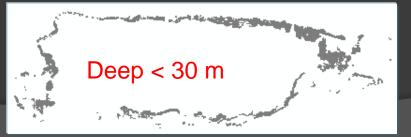




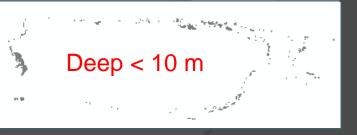




783,533 P.S. / 19,588,325 m² / 19,588.326 Km²

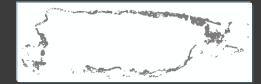


58,538 P.S. / 1,463,450 m² / 1,463.45 Km²

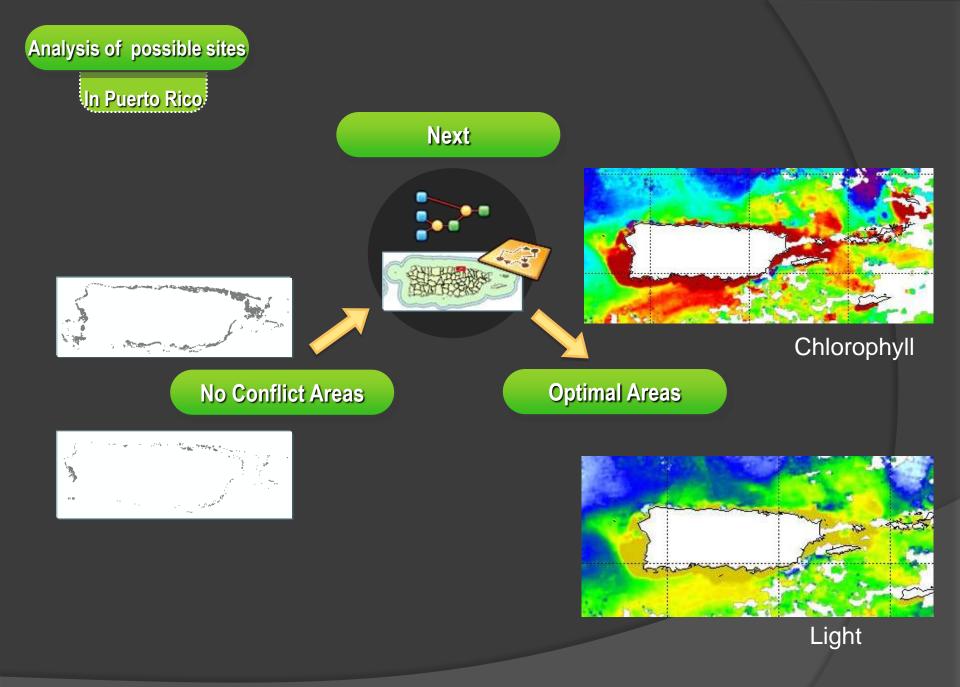




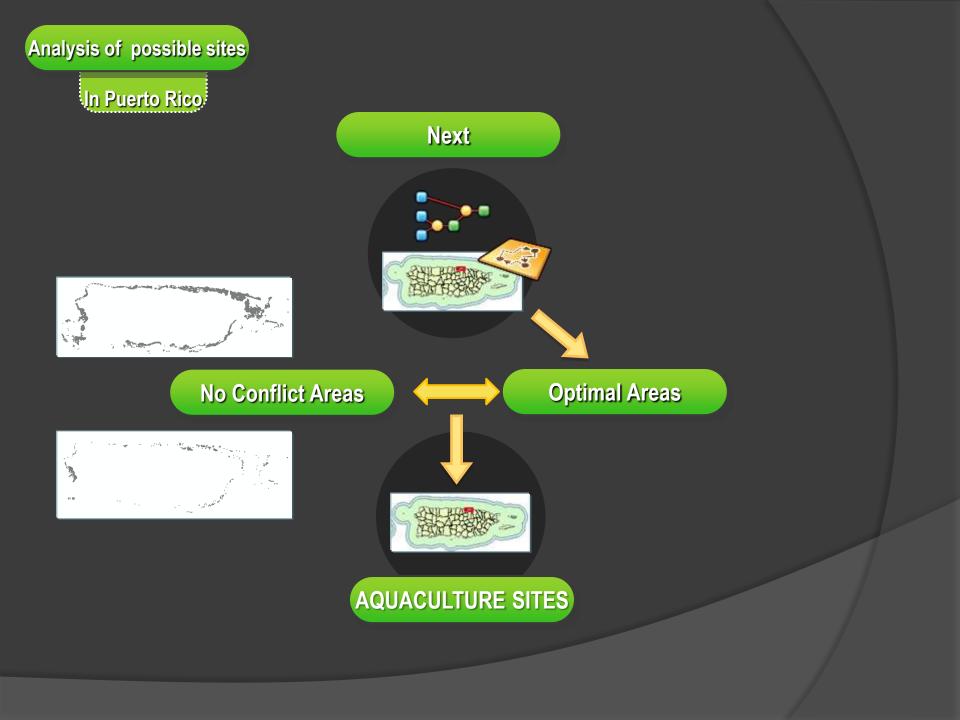
In Puerto Rico

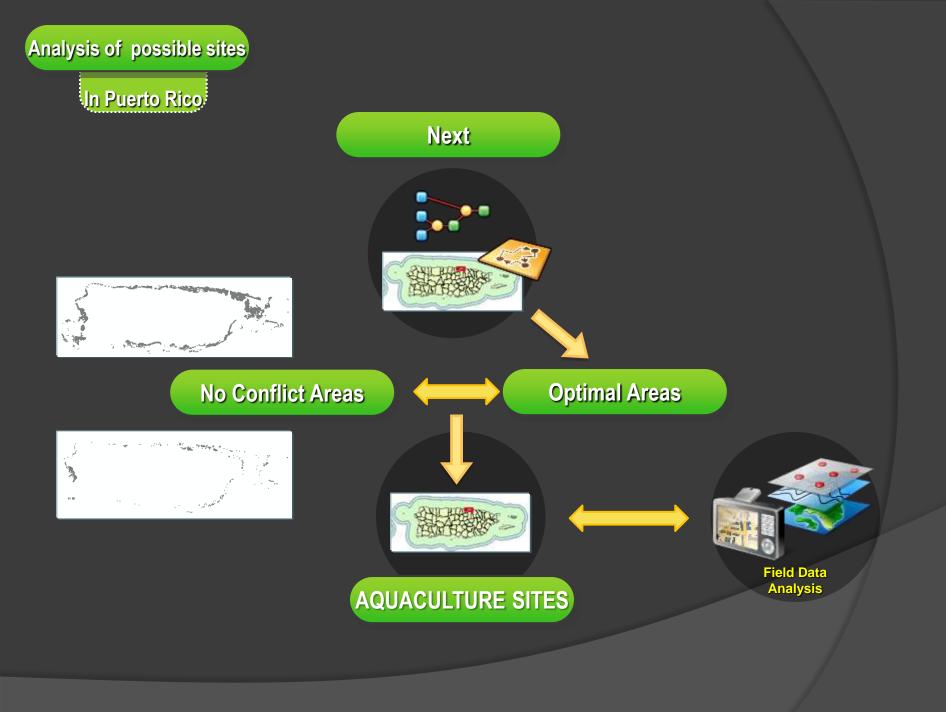


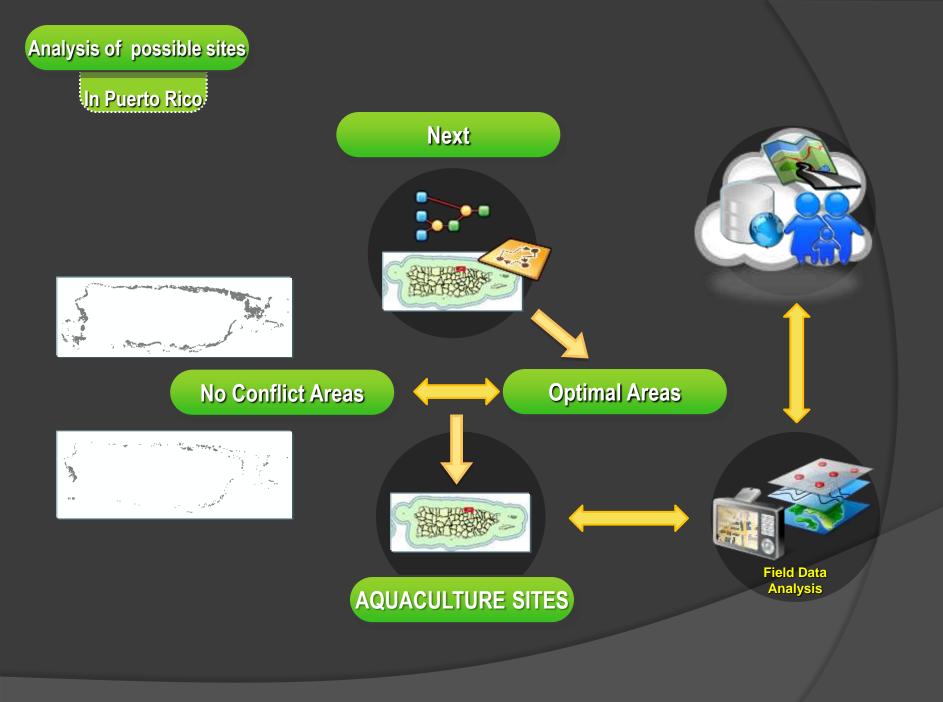














<u>Support</u>



<u>Data</u>







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